

Printout

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9:48 AM

Section 1

MANE 6313

Subsection 1

Week 10, Module D

Student Learning Outcome

- Select an appropriate experimental design with one or more factors,
- Select an appropriate model with one or more factors,
- Evaluate statistical analyses of experimental designs,
- Assess the model adequacy of any experimental design, and
- Interpret model results.

Module Learning Outcome

Describe resolution of an experimental design.

Resolution of Experimental Design

- Definition. A design is of resolution R if no p -factor effect is aliased with another effect containing less than $R - p$ factors.
- The three most common design resolutions are:
 - *Resolution III designs*. No main effect is aliased with any other main effect, but main effects are aliased with two-factor interactions and two-factor interactions may be aliased with each other.
 - *Resolution IV designs*. No main effect is aliased with any other main effect or with any two-factor interaction, but two interactions are aliased with other two-factor interactions
 - *Resolution V designs*. No main effect or two-factor interactions is aliased with any other main effect or two-factor interaction, but two-factor interactions are aliased with three-factor interactions.
- In general, the resolution of a two-level fractional factorial design is equal to the smallest number of letters in the defining relation.

Projection of Fractions into Factorials

- Any fractional factorial design of resolution R contains complete factorial designs (possibly replicated factorials) in any subset of $R - 1$ factors
- Very useful result in screening experiments
- If we can eliminate variables as being non-significant, the fractional factorial design may become a (replicated) factorial design

- See figure 8.2 on page 278 of your textbook.

Eliminate c

Full factorial

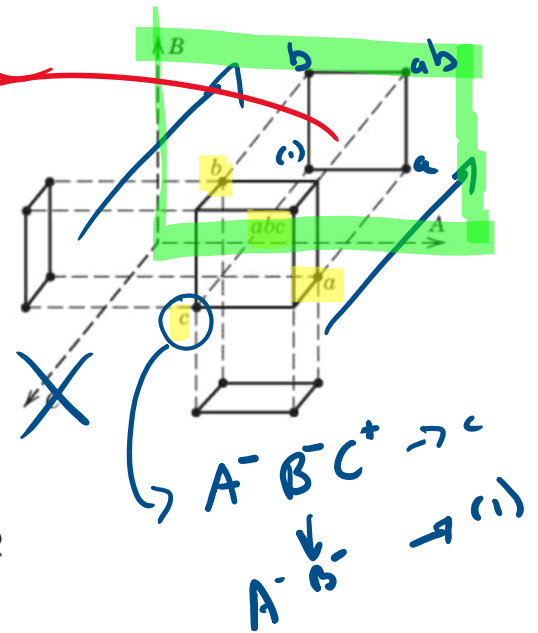


FIGURE 8.2 Projection of a 2^{3-1}_{III} design into three 2^2 designs

Figure 1: Figure 8.2

Sources of Design Resolution

- Textbook
 - Table 8.14
 - Table VIII (appendix a-16)
- R
 - FrF2

Textbook Table 8.14

2⁴⁻¹ Resolution
 Full factorial
 in 4-1 columns,
 Start with A.
 Create 1 column
 from others

TABLE 8.14			
Selected 2 ^{k-p} Fractional Factorial Designs			
Number of Factors, k	Fraction	Number of Runs	Design Generators
3	2 ³⁻¹ _{III}	4	C = ±AB
4	2 ⁴⁻¹ _{IV}	8	D = ±ABC
5	2 ⁵⁻¹ _V	16	E = ±ABCD
	2 ⁵⁻² _{III}	8	D = ±AB E = ±AC
6	2 ⁶⁻¹ _{VI}	32	F = ±ABCDE
	2 ⁶⁻² _{IV}	16	E = ±ABC F = ±BCD
	2 ⁶⁻³ _{III}	8	D = ±AB E = ±AC F = ±BC
7	2 ⁷⁻¹ _{VII}	64	G = ±ABCDEF
	2 ⁷⁻² _{IV}	32	F = ±ABCD G = ±ABDE
	2 ⁷⁻³ _{IV}	16	E = ±ABC F = ±BCD G = ±ACD
	2 ⁷⁻⁴ _{III}	8	D = ±AB E = ±AC F = ±BC G = ±ABC
8	2 ⁸⁻² _V	64	G = ±ABCD H = ±ABEF
	2 ⁸⁻³ _{IV}	32	F = ±ABC G = ±ABD H = ±BCDE
	2 ⁸⁻⁴ _{IV}	16	E = ±BCD F = ±ACD

A B C D-~~ABC~~

- - - -

+ - - -

- + - -

+ + - -

- - + -

+ - + -

- + + -

+ + + -

2⁴⁻¹ design
 it is 1/8 fraction

Textbook Table VIII (A-16)

TABLE VIII**Alias Relationships for 2^{k-p} Fractional Factorial Designs with $k \leq 15$ and $n \leq 64$**

Designs with 3 Factors		
(a) 2^{3-1} ; 1/2 fraction of 3 factors in 4 runs		Resolution III
	<u>Design Generators</u>	
	$C = AB$	
	Defining relation: $I = ABC$	
	<u>Aliases</u>	
	$A = BC$	
Designs with 4 Factors		
(b) 2^{4-1} ; 1/2 fraction of 4 factors in 8 runs		Resolution IV
	<u>Design Generators</u>	
	$D = ABC$	
	Defining relation: $I = ABCD$	
	<u>Aliases</u>	
	$A = BCD$	
	$B = ACD$	
	$C = ABD$	
	$D = ABC$	
	$AB = CD$	
	$AC = BD$	

FrF2 Design Catalog

Source: Grompigg, U. (2014). R Package FrF2 for Creating and Analyzing Fractional Factorial 2-Level Designs. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 56(1), 1-56.

	number of runs									
	8	16	32	64	128	256	512	1024	2048	4096
number of factors	only the MA design									
3	full									
4	IV	full								
5	III	V	full							
6	III	IV	VI	full						
7	III	IV	IV	VII	full					
8		IV	IV	V	VIII	full				
9		III	IV	IV	VI	IX	full			
10		III	IV	IV	V	VI	X	full		
11		III	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	XI	full	
12		III	IV	IV	IV	VI	VI	VIII	XII	full
13		III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	XIII
14		III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX
15		III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	VIII
16			IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VI	VII	VIII
17			III	IV	IV	V	VI	VI	VII	VIII
18			III	IV	IV	IV	VI	VI	VII	VIII
19			III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
20			III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
21			III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
22			III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
23			III	IV	IV	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
24			III	IV	IV	IV	IV	VI	VI	VIII

Resolution III up to 31 63 127 factors.

Resolution IV up to 32 64 80 160 factors.

Resolution V up to number of factors: 33 47 65

Resolution VI up to number of factors: 24 34 48

First design is MA up to number of factors: 31 63 127 36 29 28 32 26

FrF2 Design Resolution

```

99 ~~~{r}
100 library(FrF2)
101 summary(FrF2(nfactors=8,resolution=4))
102 ~~~

```

R Console

data.frame
2 x 8

data.frame
16 x 8

Call:
FrF2(nfactors = 8, resolution = 4)

Experimental design of type FrF2
16 runs ✓

Factor settings (scale ends):

Design generating information:

\$legend

[1] A=A B=B C=C D=D E=E F=F G=G H=H

\$generators (4)

[1] E=ABC F=ABD G=ACD H=BCD

Alias structure:

\$fi2

[1] AB=CE=DF=GH AC=BE=DG=FH AD=BF=CG=EH AE=BC=DH=FG AF=BD=CH=EG AG=BH=CD=EF AH=BG=CF=DE

The design itself:

class=design, type= FrF2

Handwritten notes:

- $2^8 = 256$
- $2^{8-4} = 16$
- 2^{8-4}
- ① Full factorial in 4 factors
- ② create additional 4 columns using generators
- 4 generators