

**Test 2 – MANE 3351**  
**Manufacturing Engineering Analysis**  
**November 7, 2024**

1. This examination is closed book and contains 10 pages,
2. You are allowed one four inch by six inch notecard,
3. Stratch paper is available,
4. You will need a calculator (make sure that your calculator is said to radians),
5. You have the lecture and lab periods to complete this exam,
6. The points are clearly labelled,
7. Good Luck!

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

SID: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (15 points) **Bisection Method**

Find  $m_3$  using three iterations of the Bisection method applied to the function  $f(x) = 3 - x - s \sin(x)$  with starting values of  $a = 2$  and  $b = 3$ .

2. (15 points) **Newton-Raphson**

Calculate three iterations of the Newton-Raphson algorithm to find the root of  $f(x) = -x^3 - 6x^2 - 11x - 6.1$  starting at  $x_0 = 3.5$ .

3. (15 points) **Secant Method**

If the secant method is used on  $f(x) = x^3 - 2x + 2$  with  $x_0 = 0$  and  $x_1 = 1$ , what are the values of  $x_2$  and  $x_3$ ?

4. (15 points) **Simpson's 1/3 Rule**

Use Simpson's 1/3 rule with four intervals ( $n = 4$ ) to solve the integral shown below.

$$\int_0^3 x^2 e^x dx$$

5. (15 points) **Gaussian Quadrature**

Use Gaussian Quadrature with  $n = 4$  to evaluate the integral shown below.

$$\int_1^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

$\pm x_i$	$w_i$
$n = 2$	
0.57735	1.0
$n = 3$	
0.0	0.88889
0.77460	0.55556
$n = 4$	
0.33998	0.65215
0.86114	0.34785
$n = 5$	
0.0	0.56889
0.53847	0.47863
0.90618	0.23693

## Gaussian Quadrature

6. (25 points) **Romberg Integration**

The Romberg Integration problem will be broken into independent subparts describing different integrals. Please read each part of the question and do not assume that functions or results from previous subparts apply to the current subpart.

- (a) (5 points) Find the value of  $R(0,0)$  from the Romberg Integration algorithm to solve the integral shown below.

$$\int_1^3 \ln(\sin(x)) \, dx$$



**Romberg Integration, part b**

(b) (10 points) Find the value of  $R(3, 0)$  to solve the integral shown below.

$$\int_0^2 (e^x + e^{-2x}) dx$$

The values for  $R(0, 0)$  to  $R(2, 2)$  are provided below.

9.389

7.548   6.934

7.148   7.015   7.020

**Romberg Integration, part c**

(c) (10 points) Find the value of  $R(3,3)$  to solve the integral provided below.

$$\int_0^3 (y^2 - y) \sin(y) \, dy$$

The values of  $R(0,0)$  to  $R(3,1)$  are shown below.

1.270

1.757   1.920

2.424   2.646   2.695

2.604   2.665   2.666